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REMARKS

Reconsideration of the present application is respectfully requested.

Summary of Office Action

Claims 10, 14 and 31-36 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) based on U.S.

Patent no. 7,096,315 of Takeda et al. ("Takeda"), in view of U.S. Patent Application

publication no. 7,139,811 of Butt et al. ("Butt") and U.S. Patent no. 7,139,811 of Lev

Ran et al. ("Lev Ran").

Summary of Amendments

In this amendment, claims 10 and 34 have been amended. No claims have been

canceled or added. No new matter has been added.

Discussion of Rejections

Applicants respectfully traverse the rejections. The amendments to the claims

are made only to place the claims in a form which Applicants believe better protects the

invention. The amendments are not made in response to the rejections or to comply

with any statutory requirement of patentability, since no such amendments are believed

to be necessary.

Applicants respectfully traverse the rejections. First, the cited combination of

references does not disclose all of the limitations of Applicants' claimed invention.

Second, at least one reference (Butt) clearly teaches away from the present invention.

Third, the Office is impermissibly using Applicants' invention as a 'blueprint' to locate

and combine prior art, and is combining the references in such a way that a person of

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ordinary skill in the art would have no reasonable expectation of success at achieving the claimed invention.

Claim 10, as amended, recites:

(Currently amended) An apparatus comprising:

a storage server, coupled to a network, having a mass storage device:

a multi-appliance management application (MMA) coupled to the

network to manage the storage server; and

an agent coupled to the storage server and the MMA via the network, the agent to scan a file and directory structure of the storage server to collect information about a file stored on the storage server. and to combine information collected into a summary of a directory in which the file is located, the summary being accessible to the MMA, wherein the agent, the MMA, and the storage server are separate devices. and wherein the agent uses a file system different from any file system that the storage server uses. (Emphasis added.)

Clam 34 includes similar limitations to those emphasized above.

The cited references do not disclose or suggest such an apparatus or a corresponding method, either individually or in combination. The Office admits that Takeda fails to disclose an agent coupled to the storage server and the MMA via a network, wherein the agent, MMA and the storage server are separate devices, and wherein the agent uses a file system different from any file system that the storage server uses. However, the Office contends that Butt discloses an agent coupled to the storage server and the MMA via a network, wherein the agent, MMA and the storage server are separate devices, and that Lev Ran discloses an agent which uses a file system different from any file system that the storage server uses (Office Action, p. 4).

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I. The cited combination fails to disclose all of the limitations of Applicants' claimed

invention.

While Applicants arguments are directed to the cited combination of references, it

is necessary to consider their individual disclosures, in order to ascertain what

combination, if any, could be made from them.

Takeda discloses a method of displaying performance information relating to use

of a storage device on a storage area network (SAN). The technique includes reading

out information that was previously stored on a storage device, and information of

devices using the storage device, and displaying on a screen performance information

relating to a selected device.

Takeda fails to disclose, however, combining collected information into a

summary of a directory in which the file is located, per Applicants' claims. In fact,

Takeda does not even disclose collecting information about a file stored on the storage

server in the first place, nor doing so by scanning a file and directory structure of the

storage server, per Applicants' claims.

The information collected in Takeda is performance information. Examples of

that performance information are shown in Takeda's Figures 5-8. It is clear from those

figures and the related text that the performance information in Takeda does not include

information about a file stored on a storage server, much less that such information is

obtained by scanning a file and directory structure of the storage server. Further, there

is no hint in Takeda of providing any summary of a directory in which the file is located.

The other cited references also do not disclose any of the aforementioned

limitations. The cited combination of references, therefore, could not possibly produce

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Applicants' claimed invention. For at least these reasons, therefore, the obviousness

rejection is improper and should be withdrawn.

As to Lev Ran, the Office contends that this reference discloses that "the agent

uses a file system different from any file system that the storage server uses", per

Applicants' claims (Office Action, p. 4)(citing Lev Ran at col. 19, lines 52-67; col., 21,

lines 6-20). That conclusion is incorrect. Lev Ran merely discloses that multiple file

servers communicating over one or more networks may use different file systems, not

that an agent which can scan a storage server's (e.g., file server's) file and directory

structure uses a file system different from that of the storage server. Even if the Office

relies on Butt to show the "agent", Butt still does not disclose this functionality, nor does

Takeda.

The other cited references also do not disclose this limitation. For this additional

reason, therefore, the obviousness rejection is improper and should be withdrawn.

II. Butt teaches away from the present invention.

Applicants independent claims recite that the agent, the MMA, and the storage

server are separate devices. The Office cites Butt as disclosing this feature. However,

in Butt the "agent" is explicitly defined as a "remote network management application"

(Butt. para, [0016])(emphasis added). Therefore, assuming the "agent" in Butt can be

read on any element in Applicants' claims, it would be the MMA (multi-appliance

management application). In other words, Butt teaches that the agent and the MMA are

the same device, thus teaching away from the present invention. For at least this

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additional reason, therefore, the obviousness rejection is improper and should be

withdrawn.

III. No reasonable expectation of success / Impermissible use of Applicants' invention

as a 'blueprint'.

"I'llt is impermissible to use the claimed invention as an instruction manual or

'template' to piece together the teachings of the prior art so that the claimed invention is

rendered obvious." In re Fritch, 972 F.2d 1260, 1266 (Fed, Cir. 1992). "The invention

must be viewed not with the blueprint drawn by the inventor, but in the state of the art

that existed at the time." Interconnect Planning Corp. v. Feil, 774 F.2d 1132, 1138

(Fed. Cir. 1985)(emphasis added).

The Office is impermissibly using Applicants' invention as a 'blueprint' to locate

and combine references; and, when one considers the references' teachings, it is

apparent that the Office is combining the references in a way that a person of ordinary

skill in the art would have no reasonable expectation of success at achieving the

claimed invention.

The Office admits that Takeda fails to disclose an agent coupled to the storage

server and the MMA via a network, wherein the agent, MMA and the storage server are

separate devices. However, the Office contends that Butt discloses that the agent, the

MMA and the storage server are separate devices.

However, the agent in Butt is not disclosed as having any ability to perform the

same or similar functionality as the agent in Applicants' claims or any agent in Takeda,

such as the ability to scan a file and directory structure of a storage server. Butt

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discloses that an "agent" is a remote network management application, but provides few

additional details about what capabilities an agent has. It is neither inherent nor given

that a remote network management application has the ability to scan a file and

directory structure of a storage server. As such, the teachings of Butt add little, if

anything, to the teachings of Takeda, that is relevant to the present invention.

As to Lev Ran, the Office contends that this reference provides the teaching of

an agent which uses a file system different from any file system that the storage server

uses (Office Action, p. 4). As mentioned above, however, all Lev Ran discloses in this

regard is that multiple file servers communicating with each other can use different file

systems. That disclosure provides no basis to envision, either by itself or in

combination with Takeda/Butts, an agent which can scan a storage server's (e.g., file

server's) file and directory structure uses a file system different from that of the storage

server.

When viewed objectively, in view of the substantial differences between what is

claimed and the cited references (even when they are considered in combination), it is

clear that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have no reasonable expectation of

success at achieving the claimed invention. That is, the claimed invention as a whole

would not be obvious in vies of the cited art, as required by 35 U.S.C. § 103. The Office

is impermissibly using Applicants' invention as a 'blueprint' for the rejection. Therefore,

Applicants respectfully submit that the rejection is in error and should be withdrawn.

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Applicants have not necessarily discussed here every reason why every pending

independent claim is patentable over the cited art; nonetheless, Applicants are not

waiving any argument regarding any such reason or reasons. Applicants reserve the

right to raise any such additional argument(s) during the future prosecution of this

application, if Applicants deem it necessary or appropriate to do so.

Dependent Claims

In view of the above remarks, a specific discussion of the dependent claims is

considered to be unnecessary. Therefore, Applicants' silence regarding any dependent

claim is not to be interpreted as agreement with, or acquiescence to, the rejection of

such claim or as waiving any argument regarding that claim.

Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, the present application is believed to be in condition

for allowance, and such action is earnestly requested.

If there are any additional charges, please charge Deposit Account No. 50-2207.

Respectfully submitted, PERKINS COIE LLP

Dated: 7/21/0

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